Department of the Army
Headquarters
United States Army Medical Department Activity
2480 Llewellyn Avenue
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MEDDAC Regulation 40-31

Medical Services

Patient and Family Education

FOR THE COMMANDER:

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History. This is the initial publication of this regulation.

Summary. This regulation establishes responsibilities, policies, and procedures for providing patients and their families education to enhance the specific knowledge, skills and behaviors required to meet the patient's ongoing health care needs.

Applicability. This regulation applies to Headquarters, U.S. Army Medical Department Activity, Fort George G. Meade (MEDDAC) and all outlying health clinics belonging to the MEDDAC. Specifically, it applies to all MEDDAC staff, regardless of category.

Proponent. The proponent of this regulation is the Deputy Commander for Nursing.

Supplementation. Supplementation of this regulation is prohibited.

Suggested improvements. Users of this publication are invited to send comments and suggested improvements, by memorandum, directly to the Commander, U.S. Army Medical Department Activity, ATTN: MCXR-ZN, Fort George G. Meade, MD 20755-5800, or to the MEDDAC's Command Editor by fax to (301) 677-8088 or e-mail to john.schneider@na.amedd.army.mil.

Distribution. Distribution of this publication is made by electronic medium only.

Contents

Chapter 1 Introduction

- 1-1. Purpose
- 1-2. Explanation of abbreviations and terms
- 1-3. References
- 1-4. Responsibilities

Chapter 2 Policy

- 2-1. Concept of patient education
- 2-2. Elements of patient education
- 2-3. Follow up instruction
- 2-4. Academic coordination
- 2-5. Measuring and evaluating the effectiveness of patient education
- 2-6. Use of MEDDAC Overprint (OP) 386, Patient Learning Assessment

Appendix A. References

Glossary

R-Forms

Chapter 1 Introduction

1-1. Purpose

This regulation establishes responsibilities, policies, and procedures for providing patients and their families education to enhance the specific knowledge, skills and behaviors required to meet the patient's ongoing health care needs.

1-2. Explanation of abbreviations and terms

Abbreviations and special terms used in this regulation are explained in the glossary.

1-3. References

Required references, related references and prescribed forms are listed in appendix A.

1-4. Responsibilities

a. The Deputy Commander for Clinical Services (DCCS) and Deputy Commander for Nursing (DCN). The DCCS and DCN will ensure this regulation is implemented within their respective areas

of responsibility, and that sufficient resources are available for achieving the educational objectives and competence of their staff who educate patients.

- b. *Commanders, directors and managers of outlying health clinics*. Commanders, directors and managers of outlying health clinics will implement this regulation at their respective clinics.
- c. *Department chiefs*. Department chiefs will ensure this regulation is implemented in all their areas. (The term department chief is defined in the glossary.)
- d. *The Health Education and Promotion Committee*. The Health Education and Promotion Committee is a MEDDAC-level committee that will provide a forum for a multidisciplinary team to guide and give oversight on all matters relating to health education and promotion activities. See MEDDAC/DENTAC/VS Regulation 15-1 for the functions, responsibilities and other information pertinent to this committee.
- e. *Health care providers and nursing staff*. Health care providers and nursing staff will provide patients and their families with specific knowledge and or skills that they will need to meet patients' ongoing health care needs. This will include learning needs assessments and documentation of the education given. Needs assessments will be performed during initial visits and periodically, as appropriate. Documentation will include to whom the information was given and the outcome of the education.

Chapter 2 Policy

2-1. Concept of patient education

Patient and family education is a coordinated effort among appropriate staff and or disciplines that provide care. Effective collaboration of staff and disciplines ensures an effective patient education program wherein patients and family members receive consistent information about health care. Each patient will receive education and training specific to his or her assessed needs, abilities, learning preferences and readiness to learn. Patient education will be provided in a manner that—

- a. Facilitates understanding of the patient's health status and health care options.
- b. Encourages participation in decision-making about health care options.
- c. Increases patient and family potential to follow the therapeutic health care options.
- d. Maximizes care skills.
- e. Increases ability to cope with the patient's health status, prognosis and outcome.
- f. Promotes a healthy lifestyle.

2-2. Elements of patient education

Within this paragraph, the term "patient" also pertains to the patient's family. The term "family" is also defined in the glossary. Naturally, the following elements do not apply to all patients; however, they apply consistently to those patients to whom they do apply. Patient education will be tailored to address each individual patient's needs, values, abilities and readiness to learn.

- a. Medication. Patients will be educated concerning the safe and effective use of medications as follows: the drug, route, dosage, intended use and expected action, special precautions, action to take in case of a wrong or missed dose, significant side effects, techniques for self-monitoring, proper storage, drug and food interactions and proper disposal of unused or expired medications.
 - b. Nutrition, diet and oral health.

- c. Safe and effective use of medical equipment.
- d. Pain management. Patients will be educated about understanding pain, the risk for pain, the importance of effective pain management, the pain assessment process, and the types of pain management when identified as part of the treatment plan.
- e. Rehabilitation. Patients will be educated about rehabilitation techniques to help them be more functionally independent.
- f. Obtaining community resources and follow up care. Patient will be educated about other available resources in the community and how to access these resources and, when necessary, how to obtain follow up care, services or treatment to meet their identified needs.
- g. The patient's responsibilities. The patient will be educated concerning his or her personal responsibilities for his or her own care. Patient responsibilities include providing information, understanding the treatment plan, working with the staff to develop a pain management plan, complying with prescribed treatment, and accepting the consequences if treatment is refused.

2-3. Follow up instruction

Follow up instruction will be given to the patient as well as to those responsible for providing continuing care, including the family, community resources and other health care providers responsible for the patient's care.

2-4. Academic coordination

For children and adolescents who are expected to endure a prolonged absence from school in response to their medical treatment and or condition, appropriate coordination will be made with the school system.

2-5. Measuring and evaluating the effectiveness of patient education

The effectiveness of a patient's education is monitored through an interactive, ongoing process wherein the staff, while teaching the patient and or family, elicits feedback to ensure the information is appropriate, useful and understood. When patients explain what they have learned, they help staff identify areas in which they, the patients, need further instruction or reinforcement of previous instruction.

2-6. Use of MEDDAC Overprint (OP) 386, Patient Learning Assessment

MEDDAC OP 386 may be utilized in cases where patient education is required. This form documents the patient's (or guardian's on behalf of the patient) self-assessment and the comments of the health care provider and nursing staff. Completion of the form is self-explanatory. The form is included in the R-Forms section at the back of this regulation, from where it may be copied or printed electronically. It is also available in the electronic forms section of the MEDDAC's web site, http://www.narmc.amedd.army.mil/kacc. Completed forms will be filed in the patients' medical records.

Appendix A References

Section I Required Publications

MEDDAC/DENTAC/VS Reg 15-1

U.S. Army Medical Department Activity, Fort George G. Meade (MEDDAC) Boards, Committees, Councils, Meetings, and Teams (Cited in para 1-4.)

Section II Related Publications

AR 40-66 Medical Record Administration

AR 40-68

Quality Assurance Administration

WRAMC Reg 40-90

Hospital Patient/Family Education

Section III
Prescribed Forms

MEDDAC OP 386

Patient Learning Assessment

Section IV Referenced Forms

This section contains no entries.

Glossary

Section I Abbreviations

DCCS

Deputy Commander for Clinical Services

DCN

Deputy Commander for Nursing

DENTAC

U.S. Army Dental Activity, Fort George G. Meade

MEDDAC

U.S. Army Medical Department Activity, Fort George G. Meade

OP

overprint

VS

Fort Meade Branch Veterinary Services

WRAMC

Walter Reed Army Medical Center

Section II Terms

Department

Department is defined as follows:

a. At Kimbrough Ambulatory Care Center; i.e., the MEDDAC headquarters, any clinical organizational element at whose chief is directly subordinate to the DCCS or

DCN

b. At Barquist, Dunham and Kirk U.S. Army health clinics, any clinical organizational element that is directly subordinate to the DCCS (or equivalent) or DCN (or equivalent).

c. At all other outlying health clinics, any clinical organizational element directly subordinate to the health clinic's manager.

Family

The person or persons who play a significant role in the patient's life. This may include a person or persons not legally related to the individual. This person (or persons) is often referred to as a surrogate decision-maker if authorized to make care decisions for the patient should the patient lose decision-making capacity.

Health care advice

Offering a limited, unstructured explanation or direction using professional knowledge and current standards of practice on some aspect of health care or behavior.

Health education materials

Pamphlets, brochures, instruction manuals, manufacturer guidelines, flipcharts, clinical reference software and video tapes. Such information will reflect the current standard of practice and be less than five years old unless it is a classic resource.

Learning needs assessment

A learning needs assessment evaluates the variables affecting learning, the best learning method for the patient and information the patient requests from the health care provider. Variables affecting learning include physical and cognitive limitations, cultural and religious values and beliefs, emotional barriers and motivators. financial implications of core choices, educational level, language and literacy. Patients and families may learn best by education that is verbal, written, one-on-one, group, observing videotapes or hands-on.

Outcome measurement

This includes four areas, which will be documented and evaluated in the patient's medical record. These are—

- a. Learning needs assessment.
 - b. Education given.
 - c. Who was educated.
- d. Outcome of the education.

Patient

An individual who receives care or services or one who may be represented by an appropriately authorized person. The patient and family are considered a single unit of care.

Patient and family education

Any combination of activities designed to facilitate voluntary change in patient and family behavior which consider patient needs and preferences to promote optimal health outcomes, healthy lifestyle behaviors and chronic disease management in a form the patient can understand and

based on patient learning needs. Resources include qualified members of the health care team to do the teaching and the use of current health education materials individually or in a group setting. Community resources include referrals to other programs with special devices or interpreters or aids to meet specialized needs.

Patient information

Unstructured information presented without conducting a specific needs assessment or evaluation of achieved learning objectives. Examples include counseling a patient about a given health topic, offering a class, showing a video or offering written health information.

MEDICAL RECORD -- SUPPLEMENTAL MEDICAL DATA

For use of this form, see AR 40-400; the proponent agency is the Office of the Surgeon General.

REPORT TITLE

PATIENT LEARNING ASSESSMENT

OTSG APPROVED (Date)

PART I - PATIENT'S/GUARDIAN'S SELF-ASSESSMENT								
1. Learning barriers a. Do any of the following interfere with your ability to learn? Chronic illness or pain. ☐ Yes ☐ No Vision or hearing impairment. ☐ Yes ☐ No Reading or speaking problems. ☐ Yes ☐ No Trouble understanding or remembering. ☐ Yes ☐ No b. What is your first language? ☐ C. Do you have difficulty reading English?☐ Yes ☐ No c. Do you have difficulty reading English?☐ Yes ☐ No c. Do you have difficulty reading English?☐ Yes ☐ No lf so, please describe:☐ b. Do you use alternative medicines or remedies to improve your health? ☐ Yes ☐ No If so, what?☐ 3. Your preference of teaching methods (<i>Please rank each of the following in the order of your preference, with 1 being your favorite and 3</i>								
being your least favorite method of receiving instruction from a provider. Do not use the same number twice.) [] Provider expaining to me								
4. Social barriers a. Do you have, or have you ever had, religious beliefs that may impact your health care? ☐ Yes ☐ No b. Do you have, or have you ever had, cultural beliefs surrounding health care? ☐ Yes ☐ No 5. Have you ever had a bad experience with health care? ☐ Yes ☐ No 6. Have you ever had a feeling of helplessness or being fearful of health care? ☐ Yes ☐ No 7. Is there any reason you do not want the medical staff to teach you about your condition? ☐ Yes ☐ No If so, please explain your reason:								
1. Is there any reason you do not want the inedical stail to teach you about your conditions 🗀 165 🗀 190 - Il 50, piease explain your leason.								
 8. Is there anyone you would like to have with you during the teaching about your condition? ☐ Yes ☐ No If so, who? 9. Do you have any financial concerns about your health care? ☐ Yes ☐ No 								
PART II - PROVIDER'S/NURSING STAFF COMMENTS 10. Comments on "Yes" responses to the patient's/guardian's self assessment in part I (If additional space is needed, use back of form.)								
PART III - PERIODIC VERIFICATION OF 'NO CHANGE' IN THE INFORMATION ENTERED ABOVE IN PART I								
Date	Patient's/Guardian's signature	Date F	Patie	nt's/Guardian'	Date	Patient's/Guardian's signature		
					<u> </u>			<u> </u>
(Continue on reverse)								tinue on reverse)
PREPARED BY (Signature & Title)				DEPARTMENT/SERVICE/CLINIC DATE				
PATIENT'S IDENTIFICATION (For typed or written entries give: Namelast, firs middle; grade; date; hospital or medical facility)				rt,	 ☐ HISTORY/PHYSICAL ☐ SLOW CHART ☐ OTHER EXAMINATION OR EVALUATION ☐ DIAGNOSTIC STUDIES ☐ TREATMENT 			